

# Can latent growth modeling (LGM) and growth mixture modeling (GMM) be used with a sample size around 100?

Dong, S.<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Dubas, J.S.<sup>1</sup>, Wang, Z.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Utrecht University, the Netherlands

<sup>2</sup> Capital Normal University, China

\* Presenting author, PhD-student (supervisors: Judith Dubas, Maja Dekovic, Marcel van Aken)

## **Briefly Explain Your Question (max. 100 words)**

We have data on a sample of Chinese mothers and their newborns followed from 6 months. Using 3 waves of data on committed compliance, we attempted to conduct LGM and GMM to describe the origins of heterogeneity in developmental trends. However, most experts argue that a sample size of 100 is not sufficient for these models. Even with acceptable model fit and classification results, it is hard to argue against the power issue of a small sample size. We want to know if there is an alternative solution for analyzing the data that avoids the sample-size issue of these models.

## **Scientific field(s) of the author(s)**

Developmental Psychology

## **Relevance to conference theme (max. 50 words)**

The poster presents a dilemma that developmental psychologists are facing: limited money and time for recruiting a large number of participants for observational longitudinal research and a small sample size resulting in a power issue for conducting LGM/GMM.

## **Keywords (max. 3)**

Latent Growth Modeling, Growth Mixture Modeling, Sample Size